

# Changes in R 4.0–4.1

by Tomas Kalibera, Sebastian Meyer and Kurt Hornik

**Abstract** We give a selection of the most important changes in R 4.1.0. Some statistics on source code commits and bug tracking activities are also provided.

## 1 R 4.1.0 selected changes

R 4.1.0 (codename “Camp Pontanezen”) was released on 2021-05-18. The following gives a selection of the most important changes.

- R now provides a simple native forward pipe syntax `|>`. The simple form of the forward pipe inserts the left-hand side as the first argument in the right-hand side call. The pipe implementation as a syntax transformation was motivated by suggestions from Jim Hester and Lionel Henry. The current implementation does not provide a shorthand for passing the left-hand side as an argument other than the first. Several options for providing such a shorthand are currently under consideration.
- R now provides a shorthand notation for creating functions, e.g. `\(x) x + 1` is parsed as `function(x) x + 1`.
- The base environment and its namespace are now locked (so one can no longer add bindings to these or remove from these)
- Support for gradient fills, pattern fills, clipping paths and masks has been added to the R graphics engine. An R-level interface for these new features has been added to the `grid` graphics package. See [Paul Murrell’s blog post](#) for more details.
- Graphics devices can now specify `deviceClip`. If `TRUE`, the graphics engine will never perform any clipping of output itself. The clipping that the graphics engine does perform (for both `canClip = TRUE` and `canClip = FALSE`) has been improved to avoid producing unnecessary artifacts in clipped output. See [Paul Murrell’s blog post](#) for more details.
- New palettes “Rocket” and “Mako” for `hcl.colors()` (approximating palettes of the same name from the ‘`viridisLite`’ package). Contributed by Achim Zeileis.
- `Rterm`, the command-line R front-end on Windows, now supports line editing and cursor motion with multi-byte and multi-width printable characters. It is now possible to use `Rterm` with non-European characters when the current locale (e.g. double-byte) supports them. Previously, users of non-European languages had to resort to other front ends, e.g. `RGui`. On (still experimental) UCRT builds of R on recent Windows 10, the native encoding is UTF-8 and hence all characters supported by Windows and the font can be used in `Rterm`, including characters outside of Basic Multilingual Plane (surrogate pairs in UTF-16LE). This required a significant rewrite of code originating from `getline` library. See [Tomas Kalibera’s blog post](#) for more details.
- Data set `esoph` in package `datasets` now provides the correct numbers of controls; previously it had the numbers of cases added to these. Reported by Alexander Fowler in [PR#17964](#).
- Using `c()` to combine a factor with other factors now gives a factor (an ordered factor when combining ordered factors with identical levels).
- New function `charClass()` has been added to package `utils` to query the wide-character classification functions in use by R (such as `iswprint`, `iswalph`, `islower`). On Windows and by default on macOS and AIX, the classes are determined by R’s internal tables. On Linux, the C99 functions and the classification provided by the platform are used. `charClass()` accepts UTF-8 encoded R strings and integer vectors of Unicode points on input.
- R’s internal Unicode tables for character classification and character width were updated to Unicode 13.0.0 (used on Windows and by default on macOS and AIX). Handling of `\U` escapes in the parser was improved. String truncation is now more careful: most instances in R have been fixed not to produce incomplete multi-byte characters. Additionally, there were several encoding-related bug fixes.
- R and CRAN package binaries are now available also for the new Apple silicon Macs (M1 and higher) as native 64-bit ARM builds. Fortran code is compiled by a development version of GNU Fortran compiler from Iain Sandoe as no free Fortran 90 compiler for the platform has been released, yet. Only minimal changes to base R were needed for this: now R turns off floating-point ARM `RunFast` mode, hence disabling flush-to-zero and default-`NaN` modes. The default-`NaN` mode is not desirable for R because it causes R `NA` values to become `NaN` even in

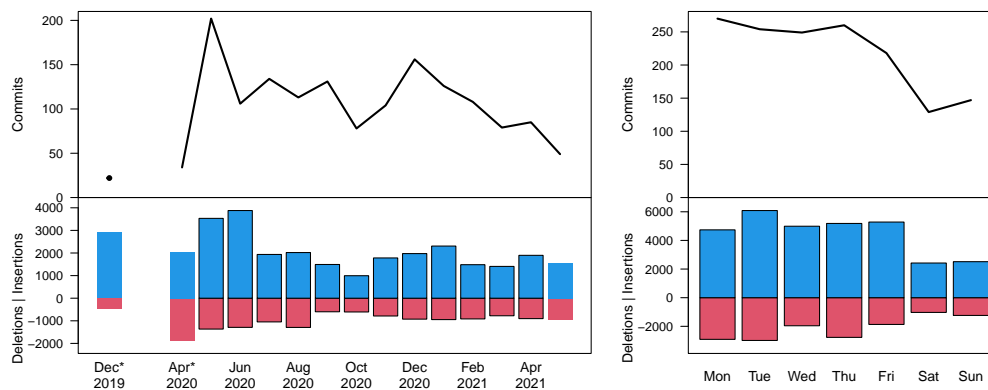
operations involving otherwise only finite values ( $\text{NA} * 1$  would be  $\text{NaN}$ ). For more details on the  $\text{NaN}/\text{NA}$  issue, see an otherwise already outdated [blog post](#) of Tomas Kalibera and Simon Urbanek. For more information on M1 support in R, see [R Installation and Administration](#).

- An experimental build of R and binaries of CRAN packages and their Bioconductor dependencies is now available for Windows. The builds use UCRT as the C runtime (previous builds used MSVCRT) to allow setting UTF-8 as the native encoding on recent Windows 10, hence substantially reducing the amount of encoding issues in R on that platform. All required external libraries had to be rebuilt, because all code linked statically on Windows needs to use the same C runtime. This used a new GCC 10 MinGW-w64 cross- and native toolchains compiled using MXE. These builds use R-devel and did so also at the time of 4.1.0 release, but were still experimental at that time and only selected patches have been ported to 4.1.0 (accepting UTF-8 as native encoding, the rewrite of `RTerm/getline`, Windows installer improvements). More details are available in Tomas Kalibera's blog posts from [March 2021](#), [July 2020](#), and [May 2020](#).

## 2 R 4.1.0 code statistics

From the source code Subversion repository, the overall change between April 25, 2020 and May 28, 2021 (so between R 4.0.0 and R 4.1.0) was: 33,000 added lines, 14,000 deleted lines and 1000 changed files. This is rounded to thousands/hundreds and excludes changes to common generated files, bulk re-organizations, etc. (translations, parsers, `autoconf`, LAPACK, R Journal bibliography, test outputs, Unicode tables, incorporated M4 macros). This change is slightly bigger than that between R 3.6.0 and R 4.0.0 (24% more insertions, 10% more deletions, 4% more changed files), see News and Notes from the December 2020 issue of the R Journal.

Figure 1 shows commits by month and weekday, respectively, counting line-based changes in individual commits, excluding the files as above. The statistics are computed the same way as in the previous issue, hence allowing direct comparisons, but monthly statistics are impacted by the release date which varies across versions, hence impacting the numbers for April and May. The statistics cover code directly committed to the R-devel trunk, plus commits from the R-defs branch (graphics code from Paul Murrell). The latter was merged into R-devel in July 2020, but the statistics is based on months/days the original commits were made to R-defs, including from December 2019.



**Figure 1:** Commit statistics by month (left) and weekday (right) during R 4.1.0 development. \*Note that the counts for April 2020 and May 2021 do not cover full months. Commits from December 2019 represent work of Paul Murrell on the later merged R-defs branch.

We observe an activity peak just after the release of R 4.0.0, a minimum in October 2020, and otherwise relatively stable amounts of code changes. The large numbers in May/June do not seem to follow a general pattern: here Paul Murrell did most of his changes on graphics. The right-hand plot shows that there is still a number of contributions even during the weekends.

## 3 R 4.1.0 bugs statistics

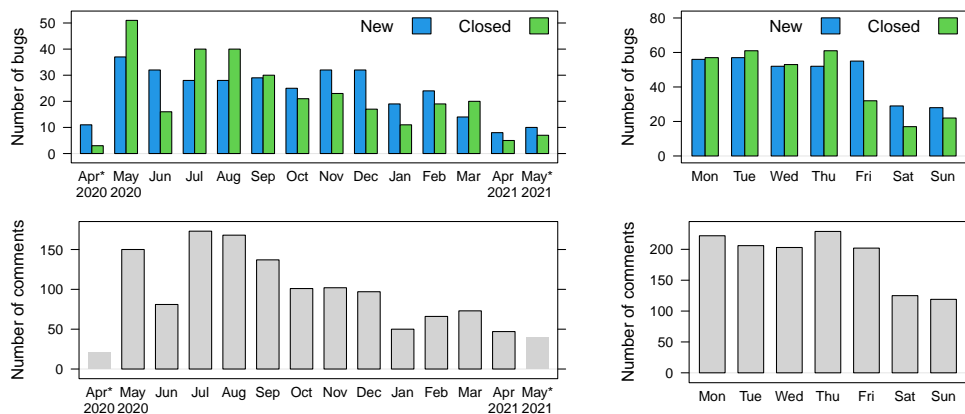
Summaries of bug-related activities during the development of R 4.1.0 (from April 25, 2020 to May 18, 2021) were derived from the database underlying R's [Bugzilla system](#). Figure 2 shows statistics of reported/closed bugs and number of added comments (on any bug report) by calendar month and weekday, respectively. Deviating from the previous issue, new bug reports (comment 0) are not

counted as comments, so these numbers cannot be compared directly. Note that monthly statistics are impacted by truncation at the release dates in April 2020 and May 2021, respectively.

Comments are added by reporters of the bugs, R Core members and external volunteers. When a bug report is closed, the bug is either fixed or the report is found invalid. In principle, this can happen multiple times for a single report, but those cases are rare. Hence the number of comments is a measure of effort (yet a coarse one which does not distinguish thorough analyses from one-liners) and the number of bug closures is a measure of success in dealing with bugs.

R 4.1.0 was released by about 3 weeks later than usual, so the period which is summarized is also longer. The bug-related activities have still increased much more than what could be explained by that: about 17% more bugs closed than for (during development of) 4.0.0, but 55% more bugs reported). The increase from 3.6.0 to 4.0.0 was 45% more bug reports and 92% more bugs closed.

There was a significant increase in the number of comments following a [blog post](#) of Tomas Kalibera and Luke Tierney, published October 9, 2019 (so during development of 4.0.0), asking the R community for help with the bugs. The rate of comments stayed relatively high until now, so for the development of 4.1.0. This increased activity also came with more bug reports and more bugs closed. Initially, more bugs were closed than reported (4.0.0 development), but this changed during 4.1.0. It may be that the bugs fixed initially with the help of external volunteers were the older ones easy to handle, but now there is space for external volunteers to help with the new/harder ones.



**Figure 2:** Bug tracking activity by month (left) and weekday (right) during R 4.1.0 development. \*Note that the counts for April 2020 and May 2021 do not cover full months.

From the numbers by weekday in the right panel of Figure 2 we see that the R community still keeps working during the weekends. Still, the overall bigger bug-related activity seems relatively more reduced during the weekends than during 4.0.0 and 3.6.0 development.

## 4 Acknowledgements

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